BRAZOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL BRAZOS SPECIAL EDUCATION OPERATING PROCEDURES: ADMISSION, REVIEW, & DISMISSAL COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

BRAZOS ISD Board Policy along with these Special Education Operating Procedures constitute the Policies and Procedures of BRAZOS ISD, designed to be consistent with the State policies and procedures developed pursuant to the IDEA. BRAZOS ISD Special Education Operating Procedures are not to be for the purpose of creating a requirement that is not otherwise imposed by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act ("IDEA"), together with its implementing federal regulations, state statutes and rules, as they shall from time to time be amended, and shall not be construed to create a higher standard than that established by IDEA. These Special Education Operating Procedures will be posted on BRAZOS ISD's website. These Special Education Operating Procedures should be interpreted consistent with the IDEA. BRAZOS ISD's Special Education Operating Procedures are reviewed and updated, as needed, on at least an annual basis. BRAZOS ISD will make timely changes to policies and procedures in response to IDEA amendments, regulatory or rule changes, changes to state policy, or new legal interpretation as are necessary to bring BRAZOS ISD into compliance with the requirements of IDEA. BRAZOS ISD maintains systems to ensure that all students with disabilities residing in the Brazos, including students with disabilities attending non-public schools, regardless of the severity of their disabilities, and who are in need of special education and related services, are identified, located, and evaluated and provided a free appropriate public education. BRAZOS ISD maintains systems to ensure that students with disabilities and their parents are afforded the procedural safeguards required under the IDEA (and its implementing federal regulations, state statutes and rules) including with respect to the confidentiality of records and personally identifiable information.

Who Are the Members of the Admission, Review, and Dismissal (ARD) Committee?

For each eligible student with a disability, the BRAZOS ISD shall establish an ARD committee.¹ Each student's ARD committee shall include the following participants:²

- a parent or adult student; ³
- a general education teacher of the student if the student is or may be participating in the general education environment.⁴ The student's general education teacher, shall, to the extent appropriate, participate in the development of the student's IEP, including the determination of appropriate positive behavioral interventions and supports and other strategies for the child, supplementary aids and services, program modifications, and support for school personnel;
- a special education teacher of the student. The special education teacher or provider who is a member of the student's ARD committee should be the person who is responsible for implementing the IEP. For example, if the student's disability is a speech impairment, the

¹ 19 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 89.1050(a)

² 34 C.F.R. § 300.321 (a); 19 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 89.1050(c)

³ 34 C.F.R. § 300.327

⁴ U.S. Dept. of Education, 71 Fed. Reg. 46669 (August 14, 2006) ("[i]t would be inappropriate to require that individuals with specific professional knowledge or qualifications attend all IEP Team meetings. These decisions should be made on a case-by-case basis in light of the needs of a particular child").

special education teacher or special education provider could be the speech language pathologist; ⁵

- a representative of the Brazos who is qualified to provide, or supervise the provision of, specially designed instruction and is knowledgeable about the general education curriculum and about the availability of Brazos resources. The Brazos's representative may be the Director of Special Education or campus designee or a campus administrator acting on behalf of the Brazos. The choice of the representative is at the discretion of the Brazos, so long as the Brazos's representative meets these criteria; 6
- an individual who can interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results, such as a Licensed Specialist in School Psychology (LSSP) or an Educational Diagnostician;
- at the discretion of the parent, guardian or the Brazos, other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the student, including related services personnel as appropriate; and
- whenever appropriate, the student.

The ARD committee shall also include the following additional participants, as appropriate:

- with the consent of a parent, guardian or a student who has reached the age of majority, a representative of any participating agency likely to be responsible for providing or paying for transition services. The BRAZOS ISD, to the extent practicable under the circumstances, shall document efforts to obtain parental consent for the participation of an individual from the Agency of the Parent's Request prior to or at the beginning of a student's ARD committee meeting wherein transition services will be discussed;
- a representative from the Brazos's Career and Technical Education (CTE) when the student's ARD committee is considering placement of a student in CTE;
- if the student is identified as an emergent bilingual student, a professional staff member who is on the Brazos's Language Proficiency Assessment Committee in accordance with BRAZOS ISD's Policy EHBE(Legal);
- if the student is a student with a suspected or documented visual impairment, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments;
- if the student is a student who is suspected to be or is documented to be deaf or hard of hearing the student's Teacher of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing; and

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⁵ U.S. Dept. of Education, 71 Fed. Reg. 46669 (August 14, 2006)

⁶ U.S. Dept. of Education, 71 Fed. Reg. 46670 (August 14, 2006)

• if the student is a student with suspected or documented deaf-blindness, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments and a teacher who is certified in the education of students who are deaf or hard of hearing.⁷

Required members must be present for the ARD committee meeting unless properly excused by the parent or guardian and the Brazos. IDEA requires different procedures for different types of excusals, including differentiating between circumstances in which parental consent is required and when an agreement is required to excuse a mandatory ARD committee member from attending an ARD committee meeting. Therefore, BRAZOS ISD has different procedures in place for the different types of excusals. The two types of excusals triggering the excusal requirements are: (1) when a required ARD committee member's area of the curriculum or expertise is not being modified or discussed; and (2) when a required ARD committee member's area of the curriculum or expertise is being modified or discussed.

With the first type of excusal, parent or guardian and BRAZOS ISD agreement is required; however, BRAZOS ISD is given wide latitude about the content of the agreement to excuse a required ARD committee member from the meeting. With the second type of excusal, parent or guardian consent is also required, and the member must submit in writing, to the parent or guardian and the ARD committee, input into the development of the IEP prior to the meeting. When consent is required, BRAZOS ISD will ensure that all of the IDEA consent requirements are satisfied, including by providing the parent or guardian with appropriate and sufficient information to ensure that the parent or guardian fully understands that the parent or guardian is consenting to excuse an ARD committee member from attending an ARD meeting in which the member's area of the curriculum or expertise is being changed or discussed. The parent or guardian must also be informed that if the parent does not consent, the ARD committee meeting must be held with that ARD committee member in attendance. The BRAZOS ISD shall document all ARD committee meeting participants, including any member who is excused prior to or during the meeting, and shall verify that the excusal procedures have been followed.

PRACTICE GUIDE—If a parent brings an attorney to an ARD committee meeting without notice to the District, the ARD committee may reschedule the ARD committee meeting to a time and date that the District's counsel may attend the meeting in-person or by virtual means.

⁷ *Id*.

⁸ US Department of Education, 71 Fed. Reg. 46673 (August 14, 2006)

⁹ *Id*

¹⁰ *Id*.

Within 30 calendar days from the date of the completion of the student's initial special education evaluation report, the student's ARD committee shall make its decisions regarding the student's initial eligibility, and, if appropriate, her or his individualized education program (IEP) and placement. 12

At a duly constituted ARD committee meeting that is conducted after at least 5 school days-notice to the student's parent or guardian, the student's ARD committee, including the student's parent or guardian, shall develop an IEP, consistent with the Brazos's FAPE Composite Operating Procedure, by considering—13

- the student's strengths; the concerns of the parents or guardians for enhancing the education of the student; the results of the student's initial or most recent evaluation; and the present academic, developmental, and functional needs of the student;
- in the case of a student whose behavior impedes the student's learning or that of others, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and other strategies to address that behavior. Further, if a BIP is included as part of a student's IEP BRAZOS ISD shall ensure that the ARD committee reviews the BIP at least annually and more frequently if appropriate to address the safety of the student or others, or changes in the student's circumstances that may impact the student's behavior. ¹⁴ Circumstances that may impact the student's behavior may include but are not limited to: a change of placement to a different educational setting; an increase or persistence in disciplinary actions for similar types of behavior; a pattern of unexcused absences; or unauthorized unsupervised departure from an educational setting. ¹⁵
- the language needs of a student with emergent bilingual abilities as those needs relate to the student's IEP:
- providing for instruction in Braille and the use of Braille unless the ARD committee determines, after an evaluation of the student's reading and writing skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing media (including an evaluation of the student's future needs for instruction in Braille or the use of Braille), consistent with **the Brazos's Evaluation Procedure Operating Procedure**, that instruction in Braille or the use of Braille is not appropriate for the student;

¹¹ OSEP's <u>Letter to Andel</u> (February 17, 2016)("[i]t would be permissible for the public agency to reschedule the meeting to another date and time if the parent agrees so long as the postponement does not result in a delay or denial of a free appropriate public education to the child").

¹² 19 TEX. ADMIN. CODE § 89.1011(d)

¹³ 34 C.F.R. § 300.324(a)-(b)

¹⁴ Tex. Ed. Code § 29.005(h); 19 TAC § 89.1055(g)

¹⁵ Id.

- the communication needs of the student, including, for a student who is deaf or hard of
 hearing, the student's opportunities for direct communications with peers and professional
 personnel in the child's language and communication mode, academic level, and full range
 of needs, including opportunities for direct instruction in the student's language and
 communication mode; and
- the student's need for assistive technology devices and services.

What additional ARD committee member responsibilities arise when the Brazos provides written notification of the use of restraint?

For students who have a BIP, when the Brazos provides written notification of a restraint as required by **the Brazos's Timeout and Restraint Operating Procedure**, the written notification will specify whether the BIP may need to be revised due to the behavior that prompted the restraint. ¹⁶ If revision to the BIP is recommended, BRAZOS ISD is responsible for scheduling the ARDC meeting to discuss any potential revisions if appropriate. ¹⁷

For students who do not have a BIP, when the Brazos provides written notification of a restraint as required by **the Brazos's Timeout and Restraint Operating Procedure**, BRAZOS ISD will share information with the parent on how to request an ARD committee meeting to discuss the possibility of an FBA and developing a plan for the student.¹⁸

Demonstrations of this procedure's implementation may include, but are not limited to, examples such as:

- Notices and/or Invitations to ARD committee meetings
- Check-lists
- Telephone logs of calls made and attempted in an effort to convince parents to participate in ARD committee meetings
- Records of written correspondence sent in an effort to convince parents to participate in ARD committee meetings
- Records of visits to the parent's home or place of employment in an effort to convince parents to participate in ARD committee meetings
- Written notifications of restraint

¹⁶ 19 TAC Section 89.1053(e) (5) (K)(i)

¹⁷ Id.

¹⁸ 19 TAC Section 89.1053(e) (5) (K)(ii)